will be completed when a borrower requests FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354's consent to a severance agreement, or other instrument of similar effect, so that items to be acquired by the borrower through other credit and subject to a chattel lien will not become a part of the real estate securing the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 debt. Some examples of items which may be acquired subject to a chattel lien are silos, storage bins, bulk milk tanks, irrigation or income producing facilities, non-farm enterprise facilities, and recreational equipment, County Supervisors are authorized to give FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 consent by executing Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 440-26 and any necessary severance agreements, provided that the following determinations are made:

- (a) The financing arrangements are in the best interest of the Government and the borrower.
- (b) The transaction will not adversely affect FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354's security position and will be within the borrower's debt-paying ability, and
- (c) The facility does not exceed the borrower's needs, is modest in cost and design; and is otherwise in line with FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 financing policies. OGC will be requested to approve any severance agreement submitted by a borrower that is of a type not previously approved for use in the State and, when necessary, to issue closing instructions. The State Director may request the OGC to prepare a severance agreement instrument for use in the State.

§ 1965.20 [Reserved]

§ 1965.21 Assignment and release of Soil Conservation or similar program payments.

The County Supervisor may take an assignment on income to be received under USDA Programs or similar contracts to protect the financial interest of the Government or to facilitate loan servicing. The assignments of all or a portion of the income from the assignment may be released to the borrower

by the County Supervisor when not to the financial detriment of the Government, and when payments due on all FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 loans have been made from other income or the assigned income is needed for family living and farm operating expenses. This income will *not* be shown on Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1962–1, "Agreement for the Use of Proceeds' Release of Chattel Security." The receipt of these proceeds and their planned use will be clearly identified on the current farm pan.

§ 1965.22 Deceased borrower.

Deceased borrower cases will be handled under §1962.46 of subpart A of part 1962 of this chapter.

§1965.23 Bankruptcy and insolvency.

Bankruptcy and insolvency cases will be handled under §1962.47 of subpart A of part 1962 of this chapter. For SFH loans, refer to subpart C of part 1965 of this chapter.

§ 1965.24 Servicing note-only cases.

Each loan made on a note-only basis without real estate security will be serviced in a manner consistent with the best interests of the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354.

(a) Sale of real property on which improvements were made with note-only FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 funds. Any loan evidenced only by an unsecured note will be collected by voluntary means at the time of the sale of the property, if possible. If collection is not possible, the loan may be assumed by the purchaser of the property on the terms of the note if the assumption is determined to be in the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354's best financial interest. If collection or assumption cannot be effected, consideration should be given to settling the account in accordance with Subpart B of Part 1956 of this chapter, if it is eligible, obtaining judgment, or classifying it as collection-only. In case of a judgment sale, the State Director with the advice of OGC and the U.S. Attorney, will authorize an employee to attend the sale